

## Air Filter Systems Series 7000

Nominal volume flow 4.5 to 12 m<sup>3</sup>/min

### 1. Features

**High performance air filter series for tractors, commercial vehicles, construction machines and compressors**

- Flexible mounting possibilities due to the snap fasteners
- Flexible bracket concept
- Support rings for dirt and clean air connection optional
- Minimal strength required due to the radial sealing of the element
- Small dimensions for simple, easy maintenance
- Filter housing consist of reinforced polypropylene
- Pre separation due to the tangential arrangement of the air inlet nozzle
- Non-metallic eco-air filter element
- Safety element for difficult operation conditions
- Worldwide distribution



## 2. Rating criteria for air filters

### Separation grade

The separation grade defines the particle retention ability of the air filter. The higher the separation grade, the better the engine is protected from wear.

The overall separation grade indicates the ratio of all particles filtered out by the filter to all particles sucked in by the filter.

FGC dry air filters reach the following overall separation grades using standardised test dusts SAE coarse and SAE fine:

|            |          |
|------------|----------|
| SAE coarse | ≥ 99.9 % |
| SAE fine   | ≥ 99.5 % |

### Filter size

The filter size is determined by the air requirement of the engine or compressor. This is usually stated by the manufacturer.

For suction engines, the air requirement can be calculated from the engine data as follows:

$$V = V_H * n_{nenn} * \lambda / a * 1000$$

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| V                 | Engine air requirement in m <sup>3</sup> /min                          |
| V <sub>H</sub>    | Capacity in l  |
| n <sub>nenn</sub> | Nominal speed in rpm   |
| λ                 | Filling degree<br>0.9 for 4-stroke engines<br>0.7 for 2-stroke engines |
| a                 | 2 for 4-stroke engines<br>1 for 2-stroke engines                       |

When selecting the filter size, in engines with 1 to 4 cylinders it is also important to take account of the changing flow speeds with pulsation factor:

| No. of cylinders | Pulsation factor |                 |
|------------------|------------------|-----------------|
|                  | 4-stroke engine  | 2-stroke engine |
| 1                | 2.0              | 1.5             |
| 2                | 1.4              | 1.2             |
| 3                | 1.3              | 1.1             |
| 4                | 1.1              | 1.0             |
| 5 and more       | 1.0              | 1.0             |

Resulting in:

$$\text{Rated air flow} = V \cdot p$$

|   |   |
|---|---|
| V | Engine air requirement in m <sup>3</sup> /min |
| p | Pulsation factor                              |

The filter size should be selected so that the rated size is the same as or larger than the rated air flow.

For diesel engines, the air requirement can be approximately estimated as follows:

|                       |   |
|-----------------------|---|
| Suction engines:      | approx. 0.08 m <sup>3</sup> /min per 1 kW |
| Supercharged engines: | approx. 0.09 m <sup>3</sup> /min per 1 kW |

### Service life

The service life of an air filter is defined by the dust absorption capacity of the air filter until a maximum flow resistance  $\Delta p_{max}$  is reached, as indicated by the engine or machine manufacturer. As a rule, this is between 50 and 60 mbar.

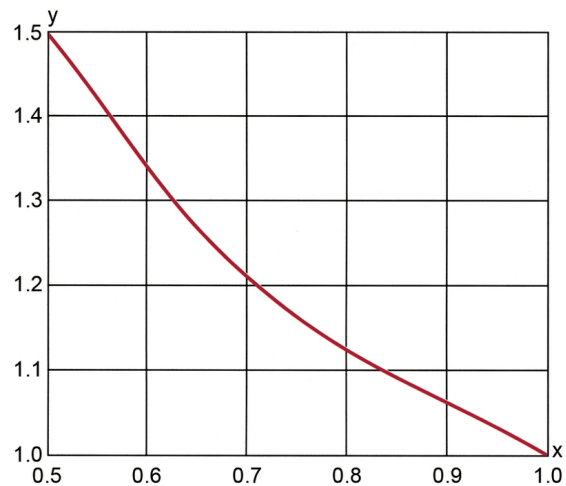
In order to achieve maximum dust capacity, knobs are pressed into the filter paper to keep the paper folds at the correct distance (filter pockets).

### Laboratory dust capacity

The laboratory dust capacity at nominal air flow is ascertained on the test stand. A defined quantity of the test dust SAE-coarse is continuously added to the sucked in air. The increase in differential pressure is then evaluated depending on the dust quantity sucked in by the filter.

Any air quantities which differ from the nominal air flow are catered to using a correction factor. If the actual air requirement is lower than the nominal air flow through the defined filter, the dust capacity increases on account of the lower filter load. The filter load is the ratio between air requirement and filter nominal flow. However, from about half the nominal air flow, the pre-filtration function integrated in the filter is no longer fully effective. In this case, the next smaller filter size should be selected.

Correction curve



x = Filter load

y = Correction factor

$$\text{Filter load} = \text{Air requirement} / \text{Nominal air flow}$$

## Dust levels in the air in practice

The filter service life in operating hours or mileage can be estimated on the basis of the laboratory dust capacity ascertained on the test stand, together with the dust concentrations in practical operating conditions.

The following table provides a guide line for dust concentrations in practical conditions:

| Dust concentration [g/m <sup>3</sup> ] | Location   |
|--|--|
| ... 0.001                              | Motorways, top class roads   |
| 0.001 - 0.003                          | Normal European road traffic, stationary machines in low-dust rooms  |
| 0.003 - 0.015                          | Neglected country roads, trucks on building sites, tractors in Central Europe, stationary machines at open air |
| 0.010 - 0.050                          | Visible clouding of the air, field work on dry ground, individual travel on unpaved field tracks               |
| 0.050 - 0.200                          | Column travel on unpaved field tracks, stationary machines in very dusty conditions (quarries, threshing work) |

The laboratory dust capacity can be converted into operating hours using the following formula:

$$\text{Operating hours} = \frac{\text{Laboratory dust capacity}}{\text{Dust concentration} * \text{Air requirement} * 60}$$

Laboratory dust capacity in g

Dust concentration in g/m<sup>3</sup>

Air requirement in m<sup>3</sup>/min

## Calculation example

The following data are known:

|                |                        |
|----------------|------------------------|
| Vehicle:       | agricultural tractor   |
| Engine:        | 4-stroke diesel engine |
| Capacity:      | 4.15 l                 |
| Cylinders:     | 4                      |
| Nominal speed: | 4800 rpm               |
| Max. tol. Δ p  | 60 mbar                |

Air requirement:

$$V = 4.15 * 4800 * 0.9 / 2 * 1000 = 8.96 \text{ m}^3/\text{min}$$

Rated air flow:

The rated air flow works with a pulsation factor of 1.1.

$$V = 8.96 * 1.1 = 9.86 \text{ m}^3/\text{min}$$

Filter size:

Always select the next largest filter size, i.e. a filter with nominal size 12. Safety elements are recommended for agricultural tractors.

Our suggestion: LPO 7120S/2

Laboratory dust capacity:

Indicated in the laboratory dust capacity diagram and correction curve.

Flow resistance for a new filter for 9.86 m<sup>3</sup>/min (see page 2) Δ p = 17 mbar.

This produces a flow resistance increase of 43 mbar up to the max. tolerable flow resistance of 60 mbar.

A filter nominal load of 12 m<sup>3</sup>/min results in a laboratory dust capacity of 5900 g (see page 2).

The filter load is calculated from:

$$\text{Air requirement} / \text{Nominal air flow} = 8.96 / 12 = 0.75$$

The correction curve indicates a correction factor of 1.16 for filter load 0.75.

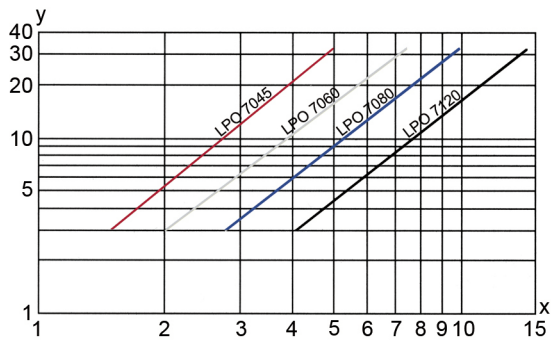
A filter requirement of 8.96 m<sup>3</sup>/min results in a laboratory dust capacity of 5900 g \* 1.16 = 6844 g

Service life:

Based on a dust concentration of 0.02 g/m<sup>3</sup> and laboratory dust capacity of 6844 g, the service life amounts to:

$$\text{Operating hours} = 6844 / 0.02 * 8.96 * 60 = 637 \text{ h}$$

### 3.1 Performance features without safety element

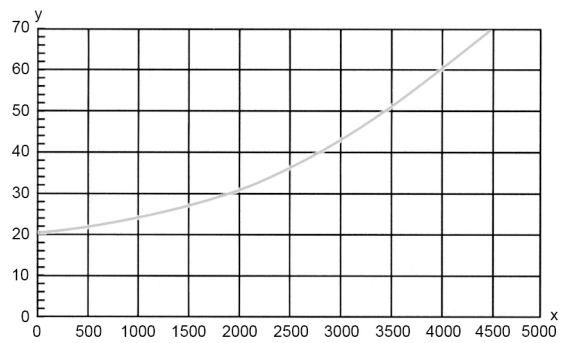
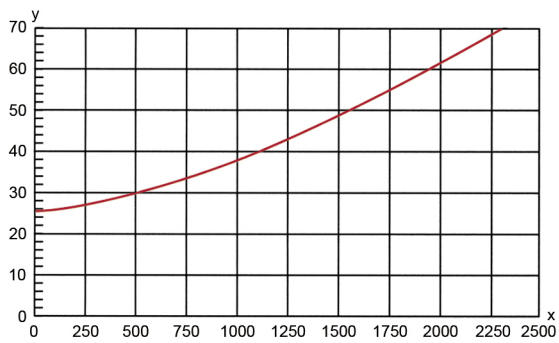


Flow resistance acc. to ISO 5011

x = Volume flow in m³/min  
y = Pressure loss in mbar

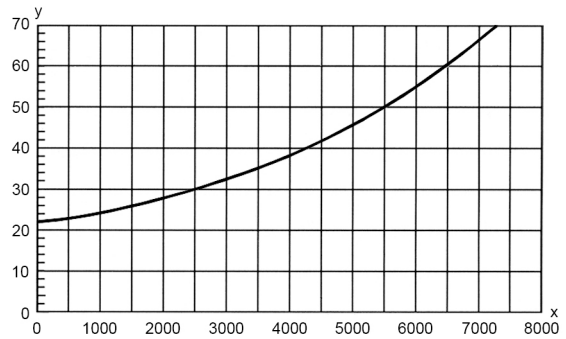
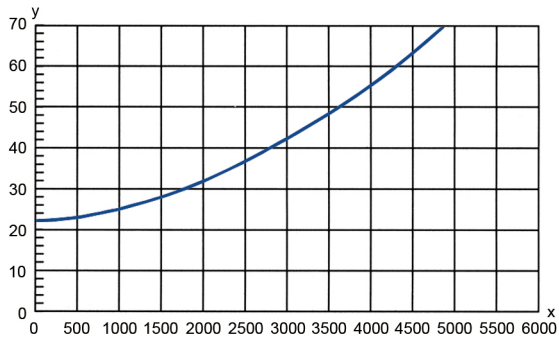
Dust absorption acc. to ISO-5011

Test dust: SAE coarse



LPO 7045

LPO 7060

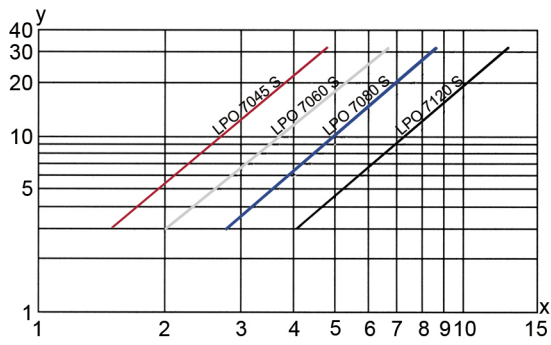


LPO 7080

LPO 7120

x = Dust absorption in g  
y = Pressure loss in mbar

### 3.2 Performance features with safety element

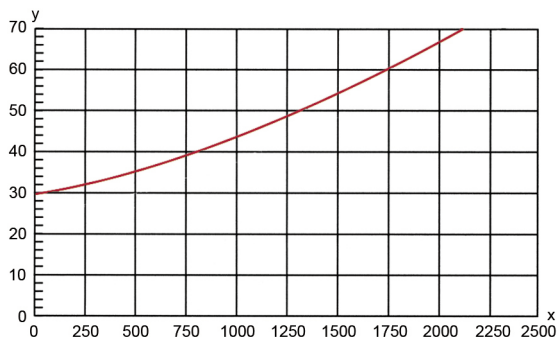


Flow resistance acc. to ISO 5011

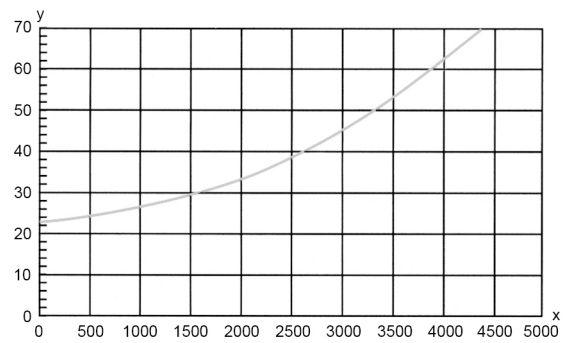
x = Volume flow in m<sup>3</sup>/min  
y = Pressure loss in mbar

Dust absorption acc. to ISO-5011

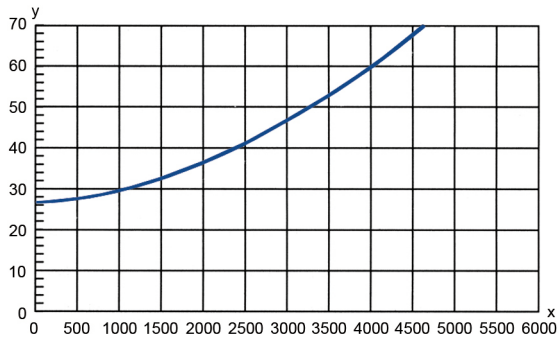
Test dust: SAE coarse



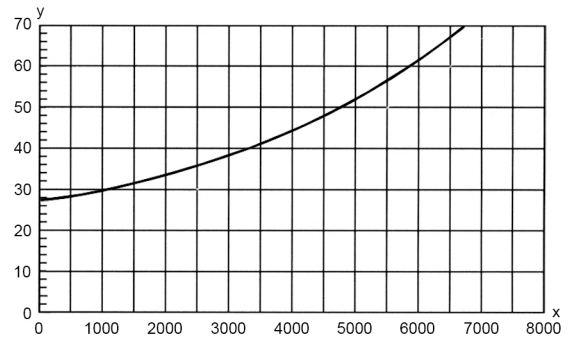
LPO 7045 S



LPO 7060 S



LPO 7080 S



LPO 7120 S

x = Dust absorption in g  
y = Pressure loss in mbar

## 4. Order numbers

### 4.1 Complete filter

| Nominal size [m <sup>3</sup> /min] | Order number | Type designation without safety element | Order number | Type designation with safety element | Figure |
|------------------------------------|--------------|---|--------------|--------------------------------------|--------|
| 4,5                                | 79754920     | LPO 7045/1                              | 79754938     | LPO 7045 S/1                         | 1      |
|                                    | 79754995     | LPO 7045/2                              | 79755000     | LPO 7045 S/2                         | 2      |
|                                    | 79755059     | LPO 7045/3                              | 79755067     | LPO 7045 S/3                         | 3      |
| 6                                  | 79755117     | LPO 7060/1                              | 79755125     | LPO 7060 S/1                         | 1      |
|                                    | 79755174     | LPO 7060/2                              | 79755182     | LPO 7060 S/2                         | 2      |
|                                    | 79755232     | LPO 7060/3                              | 79755240     | LPO 7060 S/3                         | 3      |
| 8                                  | 79755299     | LPO 7080/1                              | 79755307     | LPO 7080 S/1                         | 1      |
|                                    | 79755356     | LPO 7080/2                              | 79755364     | LPO 7080 S/2                         | 2      |
|                                    | 79755414     | LPO 7080/3                              | 79755422     | LPO 7080 S/3                         | 3      |
| 12                                 | 79755471     | LPO 7120/1                              | 79755489     | LPO 7120 S/1                         | 1      |
|                                    | 79755539     | LPO 7120/2                              | 79755547     | LPO 7120 S/2                         | 2      |
|                                    | 79755596     | LPO 7120/3                              | 79755604     | LPO 7120 S/3                         | 3      |

Figures see chapter 6

### 4.2 Filter elements

| Nominal size [m <sup>3</sup> /min] | Order number | Filter element | Order number | Safety element |
|------------------------------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|
| 4,5                                | 78796807     | LX 7045        | 78796849     | LXS 7045       |
| 6                                  | 78796815     | LX 7060        | 78796856     | LXS 7060       |
| 8                                  | 78796823     | LX 7080        | 78796864     | LXS 7080       |
| 12                                 | 78796831     | LX 7120        | 78796872     | LXS 7120       |

### 4.3 Brackets

| Nominal size [m <sup>3</sup> /min] | Order number | Type designation |
|------------------------------------|--------------|------------------|
| 4,5                                | 78796880     | LH 7045          |
| 6                                  | 78796898     | LH 7060          |
| 8                                  | 78792020     | LH 7080          |
| 12                                 | 78796906     | LH 7120          |

### 4.4 Rain caps

| Nominal size [m <sup>3</sup> /min] | Order number | Type designation |
|------------------------------------|--------------|------------------|
| 4,5                                | 79601162     | LK 7045          |
| 6                                  | 79601170     | LK 7060          |
| 8                                  | 79601188     | LK 7080          |
| 12                                 | 79601196     | LK 7120          |

#### 4.5 Connection tubes

| Nominal size [m³/min] | Order number | Type designation |
|-----------------------|--------------|------------------|
| 4,5                   | 79601808     | LVS 7045         |
| 6                     | 79601816     | LVS 7060         |
| 8                     | 79601824     | LVS 7080         |
| 12                    | 79601832     | LVS 7120         |

#### 4.6 Elbows

| Nominal size [m³/min] | Order number | Type designation |
|-----------------------|--------------|------------------|
| 4,5                   | 79601840     | LKR 7045         |
| 6                     | 79601857     | LKR 7060         |
| 8                     | 79601865     | LKR 7080         |
| 12                    | 79601873     | LKR 7120         |

#### 4.7 Maintenance switch

| Order number | Type designation |
|--------------|------------------|
| 79603101     | LES 7250 ID      |

## 5. Technical specifications

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Temperature range:                                 | -40 °C to +80 °C<br>(briefly to +100 °C)<br>(with mounted maintenance switch -30 °C to +80 °C) |
| Filter housing material:                           | reinforced PP  |
| Rain cap material:                                 | PP   |
| Bracket material:                                  | fibreglass reinforced PA<br>(console)<br>steel (clamping strap)                                |
| Connection tube material:                          | TPO  |
| Elbow material:                                    | TPO  |
| Maintenance switch setting:                        |  |
| LES 7250 ID  | 50 mbar ± 3  |
| Electrical data of maintenance switch LES 72.. ID: |  |
| Contact load:                                      | 24 W   |
| Type of protection:                                | IP65 in inserted and<br>secured status   |
| Contact:   | normally open  |

Subject to technical alteration without prior notice!

6. Dimensions

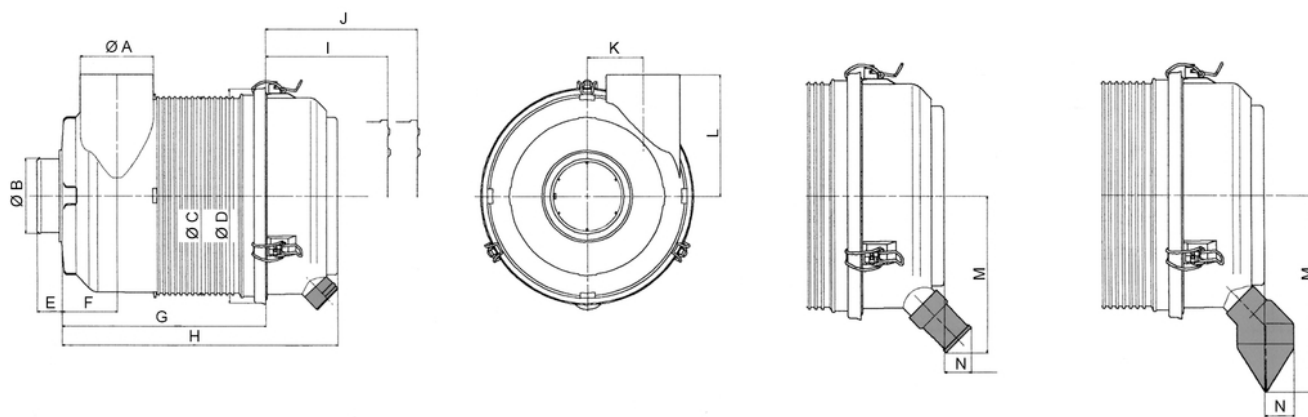


Fig. 1 with mushroom-headed dust ejection valve for pulsating suction air and little clearance

Fig. 2 with small dust ejection valve for pulsating suction air, ≤ 4 cylinders

Fig. 3 with large dust ejection valve for slightly pulsating suction air, ≥ 4 cylinders

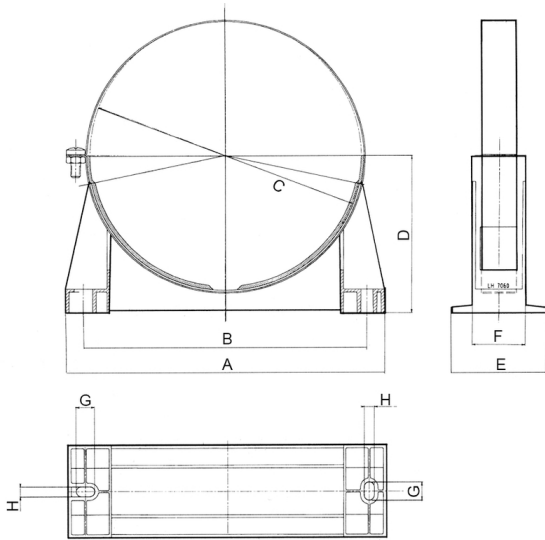
I = Minimum clearance required for element removal without safety element

J = Minimum clearance required for element removal with safety element

All dimensions in mm.

| Type without safety element | Type with safety element | øA  | øB  | øC  | øD  | E  | F  | G   | H   | I   | J   | K  | L   | M   | N  | Fig. |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|------|
| LPO 7045/1                  | LPO 7045 S/1             | 62  | 60  | 180 | 205 | 25 | 52 | 225 | 300 | 295 | 355 | 55 | 120 | -   | -  | 1    |
| LPO 7045/2                  | LPO 7045 S/2             |     |     |     |     |    |    |     |     |     |     |    |     | 148 | 30 | 2    |
| LPO 7045/3                  | LPO 7045 S/3             |     |     |     |     |    |    |     |     |     |     |    |     | 197 | 33 | 3    |
| LPO 7060/1                  | LPO 7060 S/1             | 70  | 70  | 205 | 230 | 30 | 57 | 255 | 345 | 340 | 416 | 63 | 130 | -   | -  | 1    |
| LPO 7060/2                  | LPO 7060 S/2             |     |     |     |     |    |    |     |     |     |     |    |     | 161 | 30 | 2    |
| LPO 7060/3                  | LPO 7060 S/3             |     |     |     |     |    |    |     |     |     |     |    |     | 209 | 33 | 3    |
| LPO 7080/1                  | LPO 7080 S/1             | 82  | 80  | 236 | 255 | 30 | 65 | 265 | 355 | 350 | 425 | 65 | 145 | -   | -  | 1    |
| LPO 7080/2                  | LPO 7080 S/2             |     |     |     |     |    |    |     |     |     |     |    |     | 173 | 30 | 2    |
| LPO 7080/3                  | LPO 7080 S/3             |     |     |     |     |    |    |     |     |     |     |    |     | 220 | 33 | 3    |
| LPO 7120/1                  | LPO 7120 S/1             | 102 | 100 | 270 | 295 | 35 | 77 | 285 | 385 | 380 | 465 | 78 | 165 | -   | -  | 1    |
| LPO 7120/2                  | LPO 7120 S/2             |     |     |     |     |    |    |     |     |     |     |    |     | 187 | 33 | 2    |
| LPO 7120/3                  | LPO 7120 S/3             |     |     |     |     |    |    |     |     |     |     |    |     | 234 | 36 | 3    |

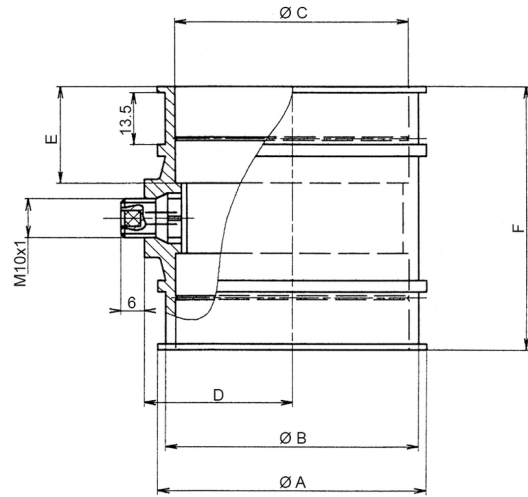




Brackets

All dimensions in mm.

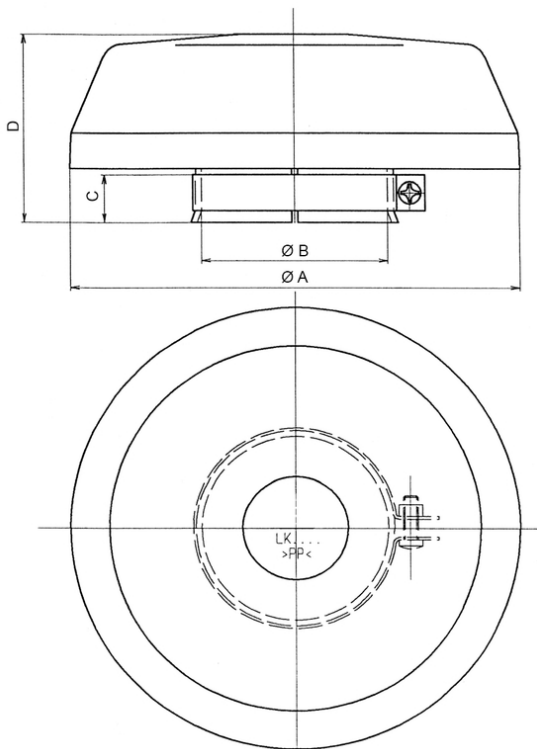
| Type    | A   | B   | C   | D   | E  | F  | G    | H   |
|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|------|-----|
| LH 7045 | 220 | 190 | 180 | 110 | 70 | 45 | 15.5 | 8.5 |
| LH 7060 | 250 | 220 | 205 | 125 |    |    |      |     |
| LH 7080 | 270 | 240 | 236 | 135 | 80 |    |      |     |
| LH 7120 | 310 | 280 | 270 | 155 |    |    |      |     |



Connection tubes

All dimensions in mm.

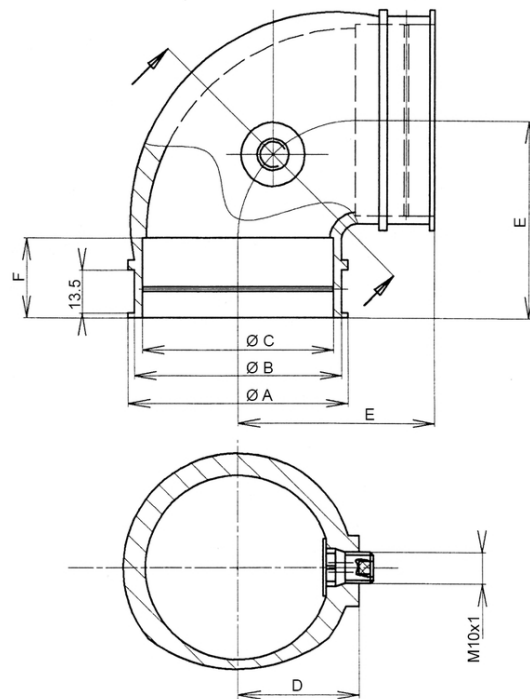
| Type     | øA  | øB  | øC  | D  | E  | F  |
|----------|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|
| LVS 7045 | 69  | 65  | 60  | 38 | 25 | 68 |
| LVS 7060 | 79  | 75  | 70  | 43 | 28 | 75 |
| LVS 7060 | 89  | 85  | 80  | 48 | 30 | 78 |
| LVS 7120 | 109 | 105 | 100 | 58 | 35 | 88 |



Rain caps

All dimensions in mm.

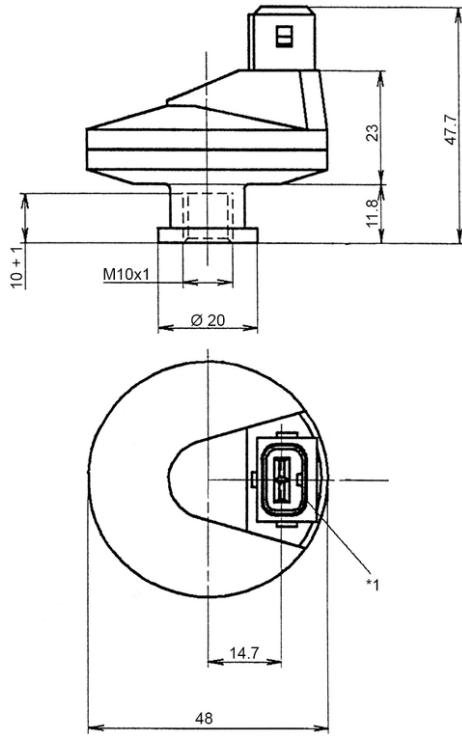
| Type    | øA  | øB    | C  | D   |
|---------|-----|-------|----|-----|
| LK 7045 | 150 | 62.2  | 22 | 63  |
| LK 7060 | 200 | 68.2  | 30 | 85  |
| LK 7080 | 200 | 82.2  | 30 | 85  |
| LK 7120 | 270 | 102.2 | 40 | 115 |



Elbows

All dimensions in mm.

| Type     | øA  | øB  | øC  | D  | E  | F  |
|----------|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|
| LKR 7045 | 69  | 65  | 60  | 38 | 62 | 25 |
| LKR 7060 | 79  | 75  | 70  | 43 | 72 | 29 |
| LKR 7060 | 89  | 85  | 80  | 48 | 77 | 30 |
| LKR 7120 | 109 | 105 | 100 | 58 | 92 | 35 |



Maintenance switch

\*1 = Takes AMP connector 963040-3

Filtration Group GmbH  
 Schleifbachweg 45  
 D-74613 Öhringen  
 Phone +49 7941 6466-0  
 Fax +49 7941 6466-429  
 fm.de.sales@filtrationgroup.com  
 www.filtrationgroup.com  
 70530415.03/2017